Amendment No	Date
	Time
	Clerk
Signature of Sponsor	Comm. Amdt.

EII ED

AMEND Senate Bill No. 1494\*

House Bill No. 1542

by deleting the amendatory language of Section 1 and substituting instead the following:

- (a) An eligible person with an intellectual disability who is on the referral list for services and whose older custodial parent, or custodial caregiver, attains seventy-five (75) years of age shall be enrolled in employment and community first choices Group 5 or a similarly capped home and community based services program within six (6) months of the person's parent or caregiver attaining that age.
- (b) An eligible person with a developmental disability other than an intellectual disability who is on the referral list for services and whose older custodial parent, or custodial caregiver, attains eighty (80) years of age shall be enrolled in employment and community first choices Group 5 or a similarly capped home and community based services program within six (6) months of the person's parent or caregiver attaining that age.





**FILED** Date Amendment No. Time Clerk Signature of/Sponso Comm. Amdt.

AMEND Senate Bill No. 1817\*

House Bill No. 1890

by deleting all language after the enacting clause and by substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 4-11-113(b), is amended by deleting the first sentence and substituting instead the following:

The Tennessee historical commission shall expend the funds which are deposited in the historic property land acquisition fund only for the acquisition of land for any area designated as an historic place as evidenced by its inclusion on the national register of historic places or the Tennessee register of historic places, or any other area of historic significance as approved by majority vote of the entire membership of the commission, and for the acquisition of easements to protect the historic areas; except, that the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) shall be issued as a grant in fiscal year 2018-2019 to a nonprofit historical association to be solely used for the purchase, maintenance, and restoration of the Johns-King House and its surrounding property in the City of Smyrna, Rutherford County, Tennessee.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018, the public welfare requiring it.

-1-



AMEND Senate Bill No. 2059\*

House Bill No. 2129

by deleting all language after the caption and substituting instead the following:

WHEREAS, the safety of our children is paramount; and

WHEREAS, reducing the armed response time of law enforcement officers for reports of armed intruders on school premises is vital to ensuring the safety of children, teachers, and school personnel; and

WHEREAS, increasing the presence of properly trained, armed, and certified officials on school premises will aid in protecting our children, teachers, and school personnel; and

WHEREAS, the presence of armed school security officers will help to comfort parents, children, and citizens of this State concerned for the safety of those present on school premises; now, therefore,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "School Safety Act of 2018."

SECTION 2. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 39-17-1309(e)(10), is amended by deleting the language "pursuant to § 49-6-815 or § 49-6-816" and substituting instead the language "pursuant to § 49-6-809, § 49-6-815, or § 49-6-816".

SECTION 3. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 49, Chapter 6, Part 8, is amended by adding the following as a new section:

## 49-6-809.

(a) For purposes of this section, "law enforcement officer" means the sheriff, sheriff's deputies, or any police officer employed by the state, a municipality, county, or political subdivision of the state certified by the peace officer standards and training







(POST) commission; any commissioned member of the Tennessee highway patrol; and any Tennessee county constable authorized to carry a firearm and who has been certified by the POST commission.

(b)

- (1) To increase the protection and safety of students and school personnel, local boards of education may adopt a policy authorizing off-duty law enforcement officers to serve as armed school security officers during regular school hours when children are present on the school's premises, as well as during school-sponsored events.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall require a local board of education to adopt a policy permitting an off-duty law enforcement officer to serve as an armed school security officer.

(c)

- (1) If a local board of education adopts a policy authorizing off-duty law enforcement officers to serve as armed school security officers, the LEA shall execute a written memorandum of understanding (MOU) with each law enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement officers selected by the chief law enforcement officer of the law enforcement agency to serve as armed school security officers.
- (2) Any MOU entered into pursuant to subdivision (c)(1) shall contain the following:
  - (A) A provision that prescribes the types of firearms that may be carried by an armed school security officer on school premises and the manner in which the armed school security officer's firearm may be carried; provided, that the MOU shall not prohibit an off-duty law enforcement officer who is serving as an armed school security officer from carrying a loaded handgun on school premises;

- (B) A provision limiting the role of armed school security officers to that of maintaining safety in the school and prohibiting armed school security officers from addressing routine school discipline issues that do not constitute crimes or that do not impact the immediate health or safety of the students or staff of the school;
- (C) Provisions stipulating that off-duty officers serving as armed school security officers are required to follow the policies of the officer's employing law enforcement agency;
- (D) Procedures for communication among the LEA, armed school security officers, school resource officers, and local law enforcement agencies;
- (E) A description of any policies, procedures, or other requirements that the armed school security officers must follow when responding to an emergency on school grounds;
- (F) A statement requiring that armed school security officers comply with all state and federal laws regarding the confidentiality of personally identifiable student information;
- (G) Procedures for addressing complaints against armed school security officers;
- (H) A provision detailing how liability will be provided for any acts or omissions of the armed school security officer within the scope of the armed school security officer's duties, except for willful, malicious, or criminal acts or omissions or for acts or omissions done for personal gain;
  - (I) A provision detailing how scheduling will be determined; and
- (J) The hours and wages of each armed school security officer assigned to a school in the LEA.
- (3) Any MOU entered into pursuant to subdivision (c)(1) may prescribe:

- (A) Whether an armed school security officer is required to be uniformed while on school premises; or
- (B) Other means for proper identification of the armed school security officer.

(4)

- (A) If an MOU entered into pursuant to this subsection (c) would permit law enforcement officers to serve as armed school security officers at a school that is located within the jurisdictional boundaries of another law enforcement agency that is not the law enforcement officers' employing agency, then the MOU shall not take effect until approved in writing by the chief law enforcement officer of the law enforcement agency with law enforcement jurisdiction for the school.
- (B) Notwithstanding title 6, chapter 54, part 3, or any other law to the contrary, a law enforcement officer who is serving as an armed school security officer pursuant to this section for a school located outside of the jurisdictional boundaries of the officer's employing agency shall, while acting within the scope of the officer's employment as an armed school security officer, have the jurisdiction and authority to enforce all laws of this state and of the county or municipality in which the school at which the officer is serving as an armed school security officer is located.

(d)

(1) The chief law enforcement officer of each law enforcement agency in this state shall prepare and distribute a list of its law enforcement officers who the chief law enforcement officer deems qualified and who are interested in serving as armed school security officers pursuant to this section to each LEA that is located within the law enforcement agency's jurisdictional boundaries and with which a MOU has been entered into in accordance with the provisions of this section. The chief law enforcement officer shall consider the federal Fair Labor

Standards Act when considering an officer's qualification to serve as an armed school security officer.

- (2) The chief law enforcement officer of a law enforcement agency may prohibit a law enforcement officer employed by another law enforcement agency from serving as an armed school security officer at a school located within the chief law enforcement officer's jurisdiction for reasons the chief law enforcement officer deems sufficient, including, but not limited to, if the law enforcement officer has received a disciplinary action within the last five (5) years that resulted in, at a minimum, a written reprimand. The chief law enforcement officer shall notify any such officer the chief prohibits from serving as an armed school security officer by sending a written notice of the prohibition to the law enforcement officer and the law enforcement officer's employing agency. The law enforcement officer is entitled to compensation pursuant to this section for any service as an armed school security officer performed by the officer prior to receipt of the written notice by the earlier of the law enforcement officer or the law enforcement officer's employing agency.
- (e) If an LEA adopts a policy authorizing the use of armed school security officers, then funding for the armed school security officers may come from a law enforcement agency or from the LEA, including, but not limited to, local, state, or federal funds received by the LEA, for which purpose such funds may be lawfully expended.

(f)

- (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an LEA or a law enforcement agency of the county to assign or provide funding for an armed school security officer.
- (2) Nothing in § 49-3-315 shall be construed to require an LEA or a law enforcement agency of the county to assign or provide funding for an armed school security officer as defined in this section to any school system within that county on the basis of the WFTEADA, as defined by § 49-3-302. The provision

of armed school security officers by local law enforcement agencies shall be considered a law enforcement function and not a school operation or maintenance purpose that requires the apportionment of funds pursuant to § 49-3-315.

- (g) The use of armed school security officers shall be supplemental to school resource officers and school safety measures adopted by an LEA and shall not supplant school resource officers or other school security measures. An LEA shall not replace a school resource officer or other school security measure with an armed school security officer. A law enforcement agency shall not terminate a MOU for the provision of school resource officers based solely upon an LEA's adoption of a policy authorizing the use of armed school security officers.
- (h) Following the conclusion of the 2020-2021 school year, the chief law enforcement officer of each law enforcement agency with law enforcement jurisdiction for a school that has utilized armed school security officers pursuant to this section shall submit a report to the governor, the chair of the education administration and planning committee of the house of representatives, the chair of the education committee of the senate, and the commissioner of education on or before September 1, 2021, that details any school security deficiencies and that provides recommendations for security improvements for each such school. If the report requirement of this subsection (h) affects more than one (1) law enforcement agency within any one (1) county, then the affected chief law enforcement officers shall submit a single, consolidated report covering the schools that have utilized armed school security officers pursuant to this section.

SECTION 4. The state board of education is authorized to promulgate rules to effectuate the purposes of this act. All rules must be promulgated in accordance with title 4, chapter 5.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it.